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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/790,174	03/02/2004	Seiji Ashida	009270-0308377 3541		
909 75	590 03/24/2006	03/24/2006		EXAMINER	
PILLSBURY WINTHROP SHAW PITTMAN, LLP			QUARTERMAN, KEVIN J		
	P.O. BOX 10500		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
MCLEAN, VA 22102			2879		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/790,174	ASHIDA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Kevin Quarterman	2879			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONEI	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for alloware	<u>, —</u>				
Disposition of Claims					
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) 1,3,6,8 and 16-19 is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 2,10-15,20 and 21 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) 4,5,7 and 9 is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>					
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on <u>02 March 2004</u> is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	PTO-413) te atent Application (PTO-152)			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's amendment and remarks received 04 January 2006 have been entered and overcome the objection to the title and claim 13.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 2, 10-12, and 14-15, and 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hansler (US 4,935,668).
- 4. Regarding independent claim 2, Figure 4 of Hansler shows a discharge lamp including an arc tube (46), the arc tube comprising a discharge chamber having a pair of end sections; a pair of feedthroughs (38, 40), each of the feedthroughs being hermetically sealed within one of the end sections of the discharge chamber, respectively; and a pair of electrodes (30, 32), each of the electrodes being connected to one of the feedthroughs, wherein the discharge chamber is filled with a discharge medium including a metal halide and a starting gas (col. 5, In. 38-39), and wherein the metal halide comprises at least halides of Na, Tl, In, and Tm (col. 5, Table 1).
- 5. Regarding claim 10, the Examiner notes that expressions relating the apparatus to contents thereof during an intended operation are of no significance in determining patentability of the apparatus claim (MPEP § 2115). Thus, the claimed properties of the

light emitted by the lamp have not been given patentable weight, since they do not add any structural limitation to the claim.

- 6. Regarding claim 11, the Examiner notes that expressions relating the apparatus to contents thereof during an intended operation are of no significance in determining patentability of the apparatus claim (MPEP § 2115). Thus, the claimed properties of the light emitted by the lamp have not been given patentable weight, since they do not add any structural limitation to the claim.
- 7. Regarding claim 12, Figure 4 of Hansler shows an outer jacket (48) hermetically enclosing the arc tube, and a pair of feeder members (42, 44), which are configured to support and position the arc tube relative to the outer jacket, wherein the pair of feeder members is sealed within an area of the outer jacket and is electrically connected to the feedthroughs.
- 8. Regarding claim 14, Hansler discloses a lighting circuit configured to supply a voltage to the lamp (col. 8, In. 55-65). The Examiner notes that expressions relating the apparatus to contents thereof during an intended operation are of no significance in determining patentability of the apparatus claim (MPEP § 2115). Thus, the lamp voltage properties when the lamp is lit have not been given patentable weight, since they do not add any structural limitation to the claim.
- 9. Regarding claim 15, Hansler discloses a lighting circuit configured to supply a voltage to the lamp (col. 8, In. 55-65). The Examiner notes that expressions relating the apparatus to contents thereof during an intended operation are of no significance in determining patentability of the apparatus claim (MPEP § 2115). Thus, the lighting

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circuit having a dimming operation has not been given patentable weight, since it does not add any structural limitation to the claim.

- 10. Regarding claim 20, Figure 4 of Hansler shows an outer jacket (48) hermetically enclosing the arc tube.
- 11. Regarding claim 21, Figure 4 of Hansler shows a pair of feeder members (42, 44) configured to support and position the arc tube within an end of the outer jacket, the feeder member being sealed within an end of the outer jacket and electrically connected to the feedthroughs.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 13. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hansler (US 4,935,668) in view of Higashi (US 4,024,425).
- 14. Regarding claim 13, Hansler teaches each of the limitations of independent claim 2, as discussed earlier, but fails to exemplify an inner shroud disposed within the outer jacket and surrounding the arc tube, the shroud being made of glass.
- 15. Figure 1 of Higashi shows a discharge lamp including an outer jacket (1), which hermetically encloses the arc tube (2) and an inner shroud disposed within the outer jacket (1) and surrounding the arc tube, the shroud being made of glass (col. 2, In. 5).

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16. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the discharge lamp of Hansler with an inner shroud disposed within the outer jacket, as taught by Higashi, for supporting the arc tube.

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### Allowable Subject Matter

- 17. Claims 1, 3, 6, 8, and 16-19 are allowed.
- 18. Claims 4-5, 7, and 9 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 19. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: In the remarks received 04 January 2006, applicant noted the criticality of the mixture of metal halides, which was not recognized by Hansler. Applicant's remarks are persuasive.
- 20. Thus, regarding independent claim 1 and claim 5, the prior art of record neither shows or suggests a high-intensity discharge lamp including, in addition to other limitations of the claims, a discharge chamber filled with a discharge medium including a metal halide and the a starting gas, the metal halide comprising at least halides of Na, Tl, and Tm, wherein the ration of the mass MTm of Tm halide to the total mass M of the metal halide is within a range of about 0.4 ≤ MTm/M ≤ 0.9. Due to their dependency upon independent claim 1, claims 3 and 16-19 are also allowable.
- 21. Regarding claim 4 and independent claim 6, the prior art of record neither shows or suggests a high-intensity discharge lamp including, in addition to other limitations of

the claims, a discharge chamber filled with a discharge medium including a metal halide and the a starting gas, the metal halide comprising at least halides of Na, Tl, In, and Tm, wherein the ration of the mass MTm of Tm halide to the total mass M of the metal halide is within a range of about  $0.4 \le MTm/M \le 0.9$ , and wherein the total mass of the halides of Na, Tl, In, Tm halides is greater than 90% of the total mass M of the metal halide. Due to its dependency upon independent claim 6, claim 8 is also allowable. Due to its dependency upon claim 4, claim 9 is also allowable.

22. Regarding claim 7, the prior art of record neither shows or suggests a high-intensity discharge lamp comprising, in addition to other limitations of the claim, a ratio (MTm + MTl + MIn)/M of the sum of the mass MTm of the Tm halide and the mass MTl of the Tl halide and the mass MIn of the In halide to the total mass M of the metal halide being within a range of about  $0.61 \le (MTm + MTl + MIn)/M \le 0.9$ , and wherein the ratio (MIn/M) of the mass of the In halide to the total mass M of the metal halide is within a range of about  $0.01 \le MIn/M \le 0.1$ .

## Response to Arguments

- 23. Applicant's arguments regarding independent claim 2 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 24. In response to applicant's argument, regarding independent claim 2, that Hansler does not disclose the discharge chamber filled with a discharge medium including a metal halide and a starting gas, wherein the metal halide comprises at least halides of Na, Tl, In, and Tm, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. Applicant's position is that since Hansler does not teach the particular species recited in claim 2, but instead teach

a genus including a list of metal halides, Hansler cannot anticipate claim 2. Applicant also cites MPEP § 2131.02 to support this position. Also referring to this citation, the Examiner notes, "a reference that clearly names the claimed species anticipates the claim no matter how many other species are named." Therefore, since the list disclosed by Hansler clearly names the metal halides recited in claim 2, Hansler does indeed anticipate the claim.

25. In response to applicant's argument that independent claim 2 is not rendered obvious based on Hansler since Hansler fails to recognize the criticality of the mixture of metal halides, the Examiner notes that an anticipatory analysis is applied to independent claim 2.

#### Conclusion

- 26. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- 27. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

#### **Contact Information**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin Quarterman whose telephone number is (571) 272-2461. The examiner can normally be reached on M-TH (7-5:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nimesh Patel can be reached on (571) 272-2457. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kevin Quarterman Examiner Art Unit 2879

19 March 2006

Joseph Williams Primary Examiner Art Unit 2879